

Pre-calculus Reference Sheet A

Exponents					
Exponential function			$f(x) = ab^x$, where $a \neq 0$		
$b^n b^m = b^{m+n}$	$\frac{b^m}{b^n} = b^{m-n}$		$(b^m)^n = b^{mn}$		
$b^0 = 1$	$b^{-x} = \frac{1}{b^x}$		$b^{x/y} = \sqrt[y]{b^x}$		
Logarithms					
Common log	$\log x = \log_{10} x$		$b^x = a$		
Natural log	$\ln x = \log_e x$		$\log_b a = x$		
Change of base	$\log_a x = \frac{\log_b x}{\log_b a}$, where $a, b \neq 0$			$\log_a a^x = x$	
Imaginary numbers					
$i = \sqrt{-1}$			$i^2 = -1$		
Interest					
Simple	$I = prt$	Compound	$A = P(1 + \frac{r}{n})^{nt}$	Continuously compounding	$A = Pe^{rt}$
Quadratics and parabolas					
Standard form	$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$	Vertex form	$f(x) = a(x - h)^2 + k$		
Zeros (X-intercepts)	$(x, 0)$		Y-intercept	$(0, y)$	
Quadratic formula	$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$, $a \neq 0$			Vertex	(h, k)
Trigonometry					
Pythagorean theorem	$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$			$\sin \theta$	$\frac{o}{h}$
Pythagorean identity	$\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1$			$\cos \theta$	$\frac{a}{h}$
Law of sines	$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$			$\tan \theta$	$\frac{o}{a}$
Law of cosines	$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos C$			$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$	
Functions					
Addition	$(f + g)(x) = f(x) + g(x)$		Subtraction	$(f - g)(x) = f(x) - g(x)$	
Multiplication	$(fg)(x) = f(x) \times g(x)$		Division	$(\frac{f}{g})(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$, where $g(x) \neq 0$	
Lines					
Linear function	$f(x) = mx + b$		Slope	$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$	
Distance formula	$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$		Midpoint of a line segment	$(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2})$	
Circles					
General equation of a circle	$r^2 = (x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2$		Circumference	$C = 2\pi r$	
Area	$A = \pi r^2$		Degrees to radians	$360^\circ = 2\pi$	